

Lincoln University Digital Thesis

Copyright Statement

The digital copy of this thesis is protected by the Copyright Act 1994 (New Zealand).

This thesis may be consulted by you, provided you comply with the provisions of the Act and the following conditions of use:

- you will use the copy only for the purposes of research or private study
- you will recognise the author's right to be identified as the author of the thesis and due acknowledgement will be made to the author where appropriate
- you will obtain the author's permission before publishing any material from the thesis.

Appendix A

Deforestation and forest degradation models

A.1 Descriptions of deforestation variables

Code	Variables	Type	Unit
Dist	District	Panel Variable	Numbers
Period	Period	Time variable	Years (1990-99=1999, 1999-2009=2009)
Defo	Deforestation	Dependent Variable	Annual Change (%) in area deforested
Popu	Population growth	Explanatory Variable	Annual Change (%) in Population
Agri	Agricultural growth	Explanatory Variable	Annual Change (%) in Agriculture Yield
Road	Road density	Explanatory Variable	Annual Change (%) in Road length
CFBZ	Percentage of Community forest and Buffer Zone	Explanatory Variable	Annual Change (%) in area under community forest and buffer zone
Prot	Protected area	Explanatory Variable	% of protected areas at the beginning of the period
Poli	Political assassinations	Explanatory Variable	Number of persons killed per 100,000 population per annum
Fore	Size of forest area	Explanatory Variable	% of land area under forest at the beginning of the period

A.2 Descriptions of forest degradation variables

Code	Variables	Type	Unit
Dis	District	Panel id	Numeric
Per	Time Period	Time variable	Year
Bio	Forest degradation	Dependent Variable	% Change (annual) in forest biomass
Agri	Agricultural land expansion	Explanatory Variable	% Change (annual) in total agri crop area
Timb	Timber extraction	Explanatory Variable	% Change (annual) in timber extraction
Fuel	Fuel wood extraction	Explanatory Variable	% Change (annual) in fuel wood extraction
Live	Livestock population	Explanatory Variable	% Change (annual) in livestock population (head)

A.3 Study Districts

Dist_id	District
1	Rautahat
2	Bara
3	Parsa
4	Makwanpur
5	Chitwan
6	Nawalparasi
7	Rupendehi
8	Palpa
9	Kapilvastu
10	Arghkhanchi
11	Dang
12	Banke
13	Bardia
14	Kailali
15	Kanchanpur

A.4 Multicollinearity test of deforestation variables

	<i>Defo</i>	<i>Popu</i>	<i>agri</i>	<i>road</i>	<i>Fore</i>	<i>CFBZ</i>	<i>Prot</i>	<i>Poli</i>
Defo	1							
Popu	0.33039	1						
agri	0.44000	0.01644	1					
road	0.01941	0.25756	0.04180	1				
Fore	0.04052	-0.24289	0.14857	0.16068	1			
CFBZ	0.22447	-0.14983	0.03527	0.19768	0.47417	1		
Prot	0.09174	0.14089	0.12804	0.45924	0.16174	0.48112	1	
Poli	0.10815	-0.43377	0.04251	-0.19230	0.30728	0.17084	0.04569	1

Appendix B

Carbon stock data

B.1 Plot level carbon stock (Mg/ha) data of protected area forest

Sn	District	Plot ID	AGB	BGB	Shrub	Litter	SOC	Total
1	Bardia	6	166.68	40.00	0.07	0.29	71.87	278.92
2	Parsa	19	117.80	28.27	0.01	0.78	155.39	302.26
3	Kanchanpur	22	15.15	3.03	0.00	0.43	68.88	87.48
4	Nawalparasi	29	97.90	23.49	0.17	4.93	111.63	238.12
5	Bardia	30	94.10	22.58	0.09	1.04	69.29	187.12
6	Bardia	31	20.87	4.17	0.00	0.75	64.68	90.48
7	Chitwan	33	38.68	7.74	0.00	3.44	97.07	146.92
8	Parsa	34	161.00	38.64	0.01	0.48	140.62	340.75
9	Chitwan	37	149.57	35.90	0.05	3.64	59.02	248.18
10	Bardia	47	146.17	35.08	0.03	2.93	161.39	345.60
11	Chitwan	50	181.79	43.63	0.02	1.40	81.83	308.68
12	Chitwan	54	105.82	25.40	1.53	2.02	84.99	219.76
13	Parsa	55	302.81	72.67	0.13	0.85	105.65	482.11
14	Chitwan	59	175.18	42.04	0.58	2.39	22.47	242.67
15	Bardia	74	173.09	41.54	0.17	1.30	117.92	334.02
16	Bardia	79	104.74	25.14	0.10	1.83	54.16	185.96
17	Bardia	80	433.63	104.07	0.03	0.54	95.63	633.91
18	Parsa	81	294.67	70.72	0.11	0.75	160.98	527.22
19	Parsa	83	143.02	34.33	0.04	0.55	137.70	315.64
20	Kanchanpur	102	150.11	36.03	0.13	0.29	43.17	229.71
21	Bardia	106	211.25	50.70	0.10	1.17	153.77	416.99
22	Chitwan	107	439.83	105.56	0.88	5.40	57.33	609.01
23	Parsa	110	159.02	38.17	0.06	1.10	105.56	303.91
24	Kanchanpur	113	90.75	21.78	0.03	2.27	52.28	167.10
25	Parsa	120	240.40	57.70	0.11	1.00	56.35	355.56
26	Chitwan	100S	41.67	8.33	0.10	5.40	83.53	139.02
27	Chitwan	92N	113.05	27.13	0.02	3.27	40.10	183.58
28	Chitwan	98S	152.43	36.58	0.45	3.49	49.80	242.75
TOTAL			4521.17	1080.43	5.04	53.75	2503.05	8163.43
Mean			161.47	38.59	0.18	1.92	89.39	291.55
Uncertainty at 95% CI			38.68	9.36	0.12	0.58	14.92	42.51
Lower Boundary at 95% CI			122.79	29.22	0.06	1.34	74.47	249.04

B.2 Plot level carbon stock (Mg/ha) data of community forest

Sn	District	Plot ID	AGB	BGB	Shrub	Litter	SOC	Total
1	Nawalparasi	10	170.02	40.81	0.11	1.13	165.61	377.69
2	Chitwan	11	115.31	27.67	0.01	0.63	48.47	192.09
3	Dang	13	28.45	5.69	0.36	1.50	58.53	94.54
4	Rupendehi	14	146.63	35.19	0.30	3.51	55.04	240.66
5	Makwanpur	18	12.62	2.52	0.03	0.55	213.90	229.62
6	Dang	21	36.82	7.36	0.24	0.29	53.38	98.09
7	Bardia	24	9.44	1.89	0.31	3.10	61.70	76.43
8	Kailali	28	64.07	15.38	0.00	0.19	33.21	112.85
9	Makwanpur	32	349.04	83.77	0.25	0.78	214.72	648.57
10	Dang	36	69.05	16.57	0.00	0.82	96.67	183.12
11	Dang	41	27.75	5.55	0.14	0.51	96.84	130.79
12	Banke	44	157.93	37.90	0.00	0.00	126.36	322.19
13	Banke	46	32.51	6.50	0.33	1.84	97.46	138.64
14	Chitwan	49	270.89	65.01	0.84	3.31	130.03	470.08
15	Makwanpur	52 (N)	7.86	1.57	0.11	0.54	106.74	116.83
16	Dang	53	80.40	19.30	0.00	0.64	35.97	136.30
17	Banke	56	81.91	19.66	0.00	3.07	143.18	247.82
18	Nawalparasi	61	93.19	22.37	0.58	0.24	113.24	229.61
19	Bara	62	113.17	27.16	0.00	0.00	32.04	172.36
20	Banke	64	99.81	23.95	1.62	5.66	79.36	210.40
21	Nawalparasi	76	51.78	10.36	0.34	0.59	169.55	232.62
22	Nawalparasi	82	103.28	24.79	0.39	2.45	64.73	195.64
23	Kanchanpur	85	270.18	64.84	0.13	4.03	89.81	429.00
24	Banke	88	33.51	6.70	0.24	2.78	33.46	76.69
25	Banke	93	209.87	50.37	0.00	0.00	128.17	388.41
26	Makwanpur	103	32.34	6.47	0.04	0.00	212.36	251.21
27	Nawalparasi	117	70.62	16.95	1.11	0.91	197.29	286.89
28	Arghakhanchi	128	59.69	14.33	0.15	0.00	100.78	174.95
29	Dang	138	135.07	32.42	0.10	0.67	79.93	248.18
30	Dang	140	34.38	6.88	0.14	1.05	115.04	157.49
31	Chitwan	142	33.39	6.68	0.17	2.36	34.98	77.58
32	Kailali	147	75.05	18.01	0.40	1.91	92.45	187.82
33	Palpa	149	23.74	4.75	0.71	1.94	148.30	179.44
34	Palpa	154	142.69	34.25	0.00	1.29	114.76	292.99
35	Chitwan	104S	95.59	22.94	0.05	2.62	197.65	318.85
36	Palpa	116(N)	31.49	6.30	0.49	1.90	169.12	209.30
37	Palpa	129(N)	93.12	22.35	0.52	5.49	107.37	228.85
38	Palpa	143(N)	51.21	10.24	0.00	2.99	163.59	228.04
39	Chitwan	145S	352.69	84.64	0.01	0.98	134.74	573.06
40	Makwanpur	150(N)	176.20	42.29	0.08	1.26	100.57	320.40
TOTAL			4042.78	952.37	10.31	63.54	4417.07	9486.07
Mean			101.07	23.81	0.26	1.59	110.43	237.15
Uncertainty at 95% CI			27.09	6.61	0.10	0.45	16.76	32.54
Lower Boundary at 95% CI			73.97	17.20	0.15	1.14	93.67	204.61

B.3 Plot level carbon stock (Mg/ha) data of government-managed forest

Sn	District	Plot ID	AGB	BGB	Shrub	Litter	SOC	Total
1	Bara	15	150.18	36.04	0.06	0.67	91.41	278.38
2	Bara	17	1.91	0.38	0.25	0.81	58.35	61.69
3	Kanchanpur	23	7.53	1.51	0.41	1.65	33.86	44.95
4	Banke	25	20.95	4.19	0.00	1.82	55.65	82.61
5	Banke	26	27.21	5.44	0.00	0.00	87.14	119.79
6	Kailali	40	138.38	33.21	0.00	0.83	47.36	219.78
7	Kapilvastu	42	58.65	11.73	0.00	1.46	108.86	180.71
8	Kanchanpur	43	71.41	17.14	0.00	0.77	74.39	163.70
9	Rupendehi	48	49.88	9.98	0.47	3.21	71.44	134.98
10	Nawalparasi	51	121.24	29.10	1.05	1.13	137.78	290.30
11	Banke	58	103.75	24.90	0.56	2.56	37.18	168.94
12	Kailali	68	28.97	5.79	0.00	0.00	105.45	140.21
13	Kailali	69	73.46	17.63	0.01	2.20	61.71	155.02
14	Parsa	70	108.00	25.92	0.02	0.94	182.25	317.12
15	Dang	71	50.78	10.16	1.13	2.57	73.71	138.35
16	Bara	72	61.40	14.74	0.01	1.61	84.78	162.53
17	Rupendehi	73	43.19	8.64	0.03	0.27	140.88	193.02
18	Dang	77	24.48	4.90	0.00	1.11	64.19	94.68
19	Dang	78	72.55	17.41	0.37	1.01	26.09	117.43
20	Makwanpur	86	50.71	10.14	0.07	0.51	105.30	166.74
21	Rautahat	87	151.89	36.45	0.08	0.82	54.87	244.11
22	Nawalparasi	89	16.11	3.22	0.20	0.00	121.95	141.48
23	Banke	95	35.87	7.17	0.69	1.40	48.73	93.86
24	Kailali	97	37.86	7.57	0.00	1.38	61.73	108.55
25	Arghakhanchi	105	171.85	41.24	0.06	2.83	76.17	292.14
26	Kailali	108	235.54	56.53	0.00	1.24	75.67	368.99
27	Kanchanpur	109	35.74	7.15	0.26	1.37	43.71	88.23
28	Dang	118	24.44	4.89	0.35	0.42	66.26	96.37
29	Dang	119	85.20	20.45	0.25	0.64	65.89	172.42
30	Kapilvastu	122	58.85	14.12	0.00	0.72	59.59	133.28
31	Kapilvastu	123	4.17	0.83	0.00	0.00	61.49	66.49
32	Kapilvastu	124	142.38	34.17	0.27	1.79	91.49	270.11
33	Banke	131	292.39	70.17	1.61	2.44	71.91	438.53
34	Kapilvastu	134	12.84	2.57	0.15	0.98	77.49	94.04
35	Kailali	139	145.01	34.80	0.00	1.53	197.13	378.47
36	Nawalparasi	141	115.13	27.63	0.85	2.05	119.93	265.59
37	Arghakhanchi	146	64.10	15.38	0.55	0.00	84.44	164.47
38	Dang	152	307.79	73.87	0.04	2.22	153.29	537.22
39	Arghakhanchi	153	37.28	7.46	0.07	0.85	163.79	209.44
40	Arghakhanchi	155	84.00	20.16	0.43	0.00	66.92	171.51
TOTAL			3323.08	774.80	10.31	47.83	3410.23	7566.24
Mean			83.08	19.37	0.26	1.20	85.26	189.16
Uncertainty at 95% CI			22.69	5.56	0.11	0.26	12.43	26.46
Lower Boundary at 95% CI			60.39	13.81	0.14	0.93	72.83	162.69

B.4 Plot level carbon stock (Mg/ha) data of other forest

Sn	District	Plot ID	AGB	BGB	Shrub	Litter	SOC	Total
1	Kailali	16	24.14	4.83	0.36	3.28	63.49	96.10
2	Makwanpur	35	3.37	0.67	0.00	0.00	112.19	116.24
3	Makwanpur	57	0.29	0.06	0.00	0.00	61.86	62.21
4	Makwanpur	66	12.72	2.54	0.00	0.00	217.93	233.19
5	Makwanpur	151	3.11	0.62	0.00	0.00	122.34	126.07
TOTAL			43.63	8.73	0.36	3.28	577.81	633.81
Mean			8.73	1.75	0.07	0.66	115.56	126.76
Uncertainty at 95% CI			8.60	1.72	0.14	1.29	55.66	56.36
Lower Boundary at 95% CI			0.13	0.03	-0.07	-0.63	59.90	70.40

Appendix C

Opportunity Cost

C.1 District wise opportunity costs of emissions reductions

District	Cattle ranching	Forest management	Crop production	Current farming practice	Improved agriculture practice	Improved agri and livestock	Establishment of protected areas
Rautahat	-0.32	2.98	6.59	8.10	12.27	13.79	16.14
Bara	0.07	2.92	8.82	10.69	12.31	14.18	20.28
Parsa	1.31	0.33	10.21	11.78	13.85	15.42	30.01
Makwanpur	2.46	0.42	10.52	13.24	13.47	16.19	21.93
Chitwan	2.62	1.40	5.82	9.61	10.44	14.23	76.32
Nawalparasi	1.87	0.74	5.23	7.55	11.48	13.81	13.01
Rupendehi	0.68	1.52	5.52	7.13	11.00	12.62	13.11
Palpa	2.55	0.32	7.35	10.10	11.74	14.49	16.73
Kapilbastu	-2.47	6.13	2.90	4.21	9.13	10.43	12.97
Arghakhanchi	2.10	3.62	3.93	8.26	10.67	15.00	17.04
Dang	2.12	0.65	8.24	10.75	13.72	16.23	18.12
Banke	1.84	0.57	8.72	10.91	13.77	15.96	18.29
Bardia	2.43	0.35	7.50	10.18	11.04	13.72	23.82
Kailali	1.27	1.76	5.08	7.44	10.81	13.16	13.85
Kanchanpur	-2.61	9.08	1.33	4.33	6.54	9.53	18.34
Mean	1.06	2.19	6.52	8.95	11.48	13.92	22.00

C.2 Net Present Value (US\$/ha) from cattle ranching during the 30 years period

Year	Rautahat	Bara	Parsa	Makwan	Chitwan	Nawal	Rupendehi	Palpa	Kapilb	Arghakh	Dang	Banke	Bardia	Kailali	Kanchan	Total	Mean
1	49.41	61.10	51.35	88.79	123.77	76.00	52.64	89.74	42.62	141.26	82.14	71.57	87.49	76.90	97.78	1192.58	79.51
2	44.92	55.55	46.68	80.72	112.52	69.09	47.85	81.58	38.74	128.42	74.68	65.07	79.54	69.91	88.89	1084.16	72.28
3	40.84	50.50	42.44	73.38	102.29	62.81	43.50	74.17	35.22	116.74	67.89	59.15	72.31	63.56	80.81	985.60	65.71
4	37.12	45.91	38.58	66.71	92.99	57.10	39.55	67.42	32.02	106.13	61.72	53.77	65.73	57.78	73.46	896.00	59.73
5	33.75	41.73	35.07	60.65	84.54	51.91	35.95	61.29	29.11	96.48	56.10	48.89	59.76	52.53	66.78	814.55	54.30
6	30.68	37.94	31.88	55.13	76.85	47.19	32.68	55.72	26.46	87.71	51.00	44.44	54.33	47.75	60.71	740.50	49.37
7	27.89	34.49	28.99	50.12	69.87	42.90	29.71	50.66	24.06	79.74	46.37	40.40	49.39	43.41	55.19	673.18	44.88
8	25.36	31.36	26.35	45.57	63.52	39.00	27.01	46.05	21.87	72.49	42.15	36.73	44.90	39.46	50.18	611.98	40.80
9	23.05	28.51	23.96	41.42	57.74	35.46	24.56	41.86	19.88	65.90	38.32	33.39	40.82	35.88	45.61	556.35	37.09
10	20.96	25.91	21.78	37.66	52.49	32.23	22.32	38.06	18.07	59.91	34.84	30.35	37.11	32.61	41.47	505.77	33.72
11	19.05	23.56	19.80	34.23	47.72	29.30	20.29	34.60	16.43	54.46	31.67	27.59	33.73	29.65	37.70	459.79	30.65
12	17.32	21.42	18.00	31.12	43.38	26.64	18.45	31.45	14.94	49.51	28.79	25.09	30.67	26.95	34.27	417.99	27.87
13	15.74	19.47	16.36	28.29	39.44	24.22	16.77	28.59	13.58	45.01	26.17	22.81	27.88	24.50	31.15	379.99	25.33
14	14.31	17.70	14.87	25.72	35.85	22.02	15.25	25.99	12.34	40.92	23.79	20.73	25.34	22.28	28.32	345.45	23.03
15	13.01	16.09	13.52	23.38	32.59	20.01	13.86	23.63	11.22	37.20	21.63	18.85	23.04	20.25	25.75	314.04	20.94
16	11.83	14.63	12.29	21.26	29.63	18.19	12.60	21.48	10.20	33.82	19.66	17.13	20.95	18.41	23.41	285.49	19.03
17	10.75	13.30	11.18	19.32	26.94	16.54	11.46	19.53	9.27	30.74	17.88	15.58	19.04	16.74	21.28	259.54	17.30
18	9.78	12.09	10.16	17.57	24.49	15.04	10.41	17.75	8.43	27.95	16.25	14.16	17.31	15.22	19.34	235.95	15.73
19	8.89	10.99	9.24	15.97	22.26	13.67	9.47	16.14	7.67	25.41	14.77	12.87	15.74	13.83	17.59	214.50	14.30
20	8.08	9.99	8.40	14.52	20.24	12.43	8.61	14.67	6.97	23.10	13.43	11.70	14.31	12.57	15.99	195.00	13.00
21	7.34	9.08	7.63	13.20	18.40	11.30	7.82	13.34	6.33	21.00	12.21	10.64	13.01	11.43	14.53	177.27	11.82
22	6.68	8.26	6.94	12.00	16.73	10.27	7.11	12.13	5.76	19.09	11.10	9.67	11.82	10.39	13.21	161.15	10.74
23	6.07	7.51	6.31	10.91	15.21	9.34	6.47	11.02	5.24	17.35	10.09	8.79	10.75	9.45	12.01	146.50	9.77
24	5.52	6.82	5.73	9.92	13.82	8.49	5.88	10.02	4.76	15.78	9.17	7.99	9.77	8.59	10.92	133.18	8.88
25	5.02	6.20	5.21	9.01	12.57	7.72	5.34	9.11	4.33	14.34	8.34	7.27	8.88	7.81	9.93	121.08	8.07
26	4.56	5.64	4.74	8.20	11.42	7.01	4.86	8.28	3.93	13.04	7.58	6.61	8.08	7.10	9.02	110.07	7.34
27	4.15	5.13	4.31	7.45	10.39	6.38	4.42	7.53	3.58	11.85	6.89	6.01	7.34	6.45	8.20	100.06	6.67
28	3.77	4.66	3.92	6.77	9.44	5.80	4.01	6.85	3.25	10.77	6.27	5.46	6.67	5.87	7.46	90.97	6.06
29	3.43	4.24	3.56	6.16	8.58	5.27	3.65	6.22	2.96	9.80	5.70	4.96	6.07	5.33	6.78	82.70	5.51
30	3.11	3.85	3.24	5.60	7.80	4.79	3.32	5.66	2.69	8.90	5.18	4.51	5.52	4.85	6.16	75.18	5.01
Total	566.73	700.84	588.97	1018.44	1419.63	871.71	603.71	1029.29	488.81	1620.17	942.15	820.92	1003.50	882.06	1121.47	13678.40	911.89

C.3 Net Present Value (US\$/ha) from agriculture during the 30 years period

Year	Rautahat	Bara	Parsa	Makwan	Chitwan	Nawal	Rupend	Palpa	Kapilb	Arghakh	Dang	Banke	Bardia	Kailali	Kanchan	Total	Mean
1	274.84	346.42	341.73	351.75	228.34	185.41	210.74	246.49	217.90	201.06	281.87	295.93	253.01	201.26	226.26	3863.01	257.53
2	249.85	314.93	310.66	319.78	207.59	168.55	191.58	224.08	198.09	182.78	256.25	269.03	230.01	182.97	205.69	3511.83	234.12
3	227.14	286.30	282.42	290.71	188.71	153.23	174.17	203.71	180.08	166.16	232.95	244.57	209.10	166.33	186.99	3192.57	212.84
4	206.49	260.27	256.74	264.28	171.56	139.30	158.33	185.19	163.71	151.06	211.77	222.34	190.09	151.21	169.99	2902.34	193.49
5	187.72	236.61	233.40	240.25	155.96	126.63	143.94	168.35	148.83	137.32	192.52	202.12	172.81	137.47	154.54	2638.49	175.90
6	170.65	215.10	212.19	218.41	141.78	115.12	130.85	153.05	135.30	124.84	175.02	183.75	157.10	124.97	140.49	2398.63	159.91
7	155.14	195.54	192.90	198.56	128.89	104.66	118.96	139.14	123.00	113.49	159.11	167.04	142.82	113.61	127.72	2180.57	145.37
8	141.03	177.77	175.36	180.51	117.18	95.14	108.14	126.49	111.82	103.17	144.64	151.86	129.84	103.28	116.11	1982.33	132.16
9	128.21	161.61	159.42	164.10	106.52	86.49	98.31	114.99	101.65	93.79	131.50	138.05	118.03	93.89	105.55	1802.12	120.14
10	116.56	146.92	144.93	149.18	96.84	78.63	89.37	104.53	92.41	85.27	119.54	125.50	107.30	85.36	95.96	1638.29	109.22
11	105.96	133.56	131.75	135.62	88.04	71.48	81.25	95.03	84.01	77.52	108.67	114.09	97.55	77.60	87.23	1489.36	99.29
12	96.33	121.42	119.77	123.29	80.03	64.98	73.86	86.39	76.37	70.47	98.79	103.72	88.68	70.54	79.30	1353.96	90.26
13	87.57	110.38	108.88	112.08	72.76	59.08	67.15	78.54	69.43	64.06	89.81	94.29	80.62	64.13	72.09	1230.87	82.06
14	79.61	100.35	98.99	101.89	66.14	53.71	61.04	71.40	63.12	58.24	81.65	85.72	73.29	58.30	65.54	1118.98	74.60
15	72.37	91.22	89.99	92.63	60.13	48.82	55.49	64.91	57.38	52.94	74.23	77.93	66.63	53.00	59.58	1017.25	67.82
16	65.79	82.93	81.81	84.21	54.66	44.38	50.45	59.01	52.16	48.13	67.48	70.84	60.57	48.18	54.16	924.77	61.65
17	59.81	75.39	74.37	76.55	49.69	40.35	45.86	53.64	47.42	43.76	61.34	64.40	55.06	43.80	49.24	840.70	56.05
18	54.37	68.54	67.61	69.59	45.18	36.68	41.69	48.77	43.11	39.78	55.77	58.55	50.06	39.82	44.76	764.28	50.95
19	49.43	62.31	61.46	63.27	41.07	33.35	37.90	44.33	39.19	36.16	50.70	53.23	45.51	36.20	40.69	694.80	46.32
20	44.94	56.64	55.88	57.51	37.34	30.32	34.46	40.30	35.63	32.87	46.09	48.39	41.37	32.91	36.99	631.63	42.11
21	40.85	51.49	50.80	52.29	33.94	27.56	31.33	36.64	32.39	29.89	41.90	43.99	37.61	29.92	33.63	574.21	38.28
22	37.14	46.81	46.18	47.53	30.86	25.05	28.48	33.31	29.45	27.17	38.09	39.99	34.19	27.20	30.57	522.01	34.80
23	33.76	42.56	41.98	43.21	28.05	22.78	25.89	30.28	26.77	24.70	34.63	36.35	31.08	24.72	27.79	474.56	31.64
24	30.69	38.69	38.16	39.28	25.50	20.71	23.54	27.53	24.33	22.45	31.48	33.05	28.26	22.48	25.27	431.41	28.76
25	27.90	35.17	34.69	35.71	23.18	18.82	21.40	25.02	22.12	20.41	28.62	30.04	25.69	20.43	22.97	392.19	26.15
26	25.37	31.97	31.54	32.47	21.08	17.11	19.45	22.75	20.11	18.56	26.02	27.31	23.35	18.58	20.88	356.54	23.77
27	23.06	29.07	28.67	29.51	19.16	15.56	17.68	20.68	18.28	16.87	23.65	24.83	21.23	16.89	18.98	324.13	21.61
28	20.96	26.42	26.07	26.83	17.42	14.14	16.07	18.80	16.62	15.34	21.50	22.57	19.30	15.35	17.26	294.66	19.64
29	19.06	24.02	23.70	24.39	15.83	12.86	14.61	17.09	15.11	13.94	19.55	20.52	17.54	13.96	15.69	267.87	17.86
30	17.33	21.84	21.54	22.17	14.39	11.69	13.28	15.54	13.74	12.67	17.77	18.66	15.95	12.69	14.26	243.52	16.23
Total	3152.27	3973.28	3919.48	4034.48	2619.02	2126.53	2417.12	2827.11	2499.25	2306.05	3232.96	3394.19	2901.97	2308.42	2595.08	44307.20	2953.81

C.4 Net Present Value (US\$/ha) from timber extraction during the 30 years period

Year	Rautahat	Bara	Parsa	Makwan	Chitwan	Nawalpa	Rupende	Palpa	Kapilbast	Arghakha	Dang	Banke	Bardia	Kailali	Kanchan	Total	Mean
1	58.39	57.67	7.44	8.28	32.90	14.50	29.48	6.40	122.79	72.44	12.72	11.00	7.41	34.57	181.83	657.83	43.86
2	53.08	52.43	6.76	7.53	29.91	13.19	26.80	5.82	111.63	65.85	11.56	10.00	6.74	31.42	165.30	598.03	39.87
3	48.26	47.66	6.15	6.85	27.19	11.99	24.36	5.29	101.48	59.87	10.51	9.09	6.12	28.57	150.28	543.66	36.24
4	43.87	43.33	5.59	6.22	24.72	10.90	22.15	4.81	92.26	54.42	9.55	8.27	5.57	25.97	136.61	494.24	32.95
5	39.88	39.39	5.08	5.66	22.47	9.91	20.13	4.37	83.87	49.48	8.69	7.52	5.06	23.61	124.20	449.31	29.95
6	36.26	35.81	4.62	5.14	20.43	9.01	18.30	3.98	76.25	44.98	7.90	6.83	4.60	21.46	112.90	408.46	27.23
7	32.96	32.55	4.20	4.68	18.57	8.19	16.64	3.61	69.31	40.89	7.18	6.21	4.18	19.51	102.64	371.33	24.76
8	29.96	29.59	3.82	4.25	16.88	7.44	15.13	3.29	63.01	37.17	6.53	5.65	3.80	17.74	93.31	337.57	22.50
9	27.24	26.90	3.47	3.86	15.35	6.77	13.75	2.99	57.28	33.79	5.93	5.13	3.46	16.12	84.83	306.88	20.46
10	24.76	24.46	3.16	3.51	13.95	6.15	12.50	2.72	52.08	30.72	5.39	4.67	3.14	14.66	77.12	278.98	18.60
11	22.51	22.23	2.87	3.19	12.68	5.59	11.37	2.47	47.34	27.93	4.90	4.24	2.86	13.33	70.11	253.62	16.91
12	20.47	20.21	2.61	2.90	11.53	5.08	10.33	2.24	43.04	25.39	4.46	3.86	2.60	12.11	63.73	230.56	15.37
13	18.60	18.38	2.37	2.64	10.48	4.62	9.39	2.04	39.13	23.08	4.05	3.51	2.36	11.01	57.94	209.60	13.97
14	16.91	16.70	2.15	2.40	9.53	4.20	8.54	1.85	35.57	20.98	3.68	3.19	2.15	10.01	52.67	190.55	12.70
15	15.38	15.19	1.96	2.18	8.66	3.82	7.76	1.69	32.34	19.08	3.35	2.90	1.95	9.10	47.88	173.23	11.55
16	13.98	13.81	1.78	1.98	7.88	3.47	7.06	1.53	29.40	17.34	3.04	2.63	1.77	8.27	43.53	157.48	10.50
17	12.71	12.55	1.62	1.80	7.16	3.16	6.42	1.39	26.72	15.76	2.77	2.39	1.61	7.52	39.57	143.16	9.54
18	11.55	11.41	1.47	1.64	6.51	2.87	5.83	1.27	24.29	14.33	2.52	2.18	1.47	6.84	35.97	130.15	8.68
19	10.50	10.37	1.34	1.49	5.92	2.61	5.30	1.15	22.09	13.03	2.29	1.98	1.33	6.22	32.70	118.32	7.89
20	9.55	9.43	1.22	1.35	5.38	2.37	4.82	1.05	20.08	11.84	2.08	1.80	1.21	5.65	29.73	107.56	7.17
21	8.68	8.57	1.11	1.23	4.89	2.16	4.38	0.95	18.25	10.77	1.89	1.64	1.10	5.14	27.03	97.78	6.52
22	7.89	7.79	1.01	1.12	4.45	1.96	3.98	0.87	16.59	9.79	1.72	1.49	1.00	4.67	24.57	88.89	5.93
23	7.17	7.08	0.91	1.02	4.04	1.78	3.62	0.79	15.08	8.90	1.56	1.35	0.91	4.25	22.34	80.81	5.39
24	6.52	6.44	0.83	0.93	3.67	1.62	3.29	0.72	13.71	8.09	1.42	1.23	0.83	3.86	20.31	73.47	4.90
25	5.93	5.85	0.76	0.84	3.34	1.47	2.99	0.65	12.47	7.35	1.29	1.12	0.75	3.51	18.46	66.79	4.45
26	5.39	5.32	0.69	0.76	3.04	1.34	2.72	0.59	11.33	6.69	1.17	1.02	0.68	3.19	16.78	60.71	4.05
27	4.90	4.84	0.62	0.70	2.76	1.22	2.47	0.54	10.30	6.08	1.07	0.92	0.62	2.90	15.26	55.20	3.68
28	4.45	4.40	0.57	0.63	2.51	1.11	2.25	0.49	9.37	5.53	0.97	0.84	0.57	2.64	13.87	50.18	3.35
29	4.05	4.00	0.52	0.57	2.28	1.01	2.04	0.44	8.51	5.02	0.88	0.76	0.51	2.40	12.61	45.62	3.04
30	3.68	3.64	0.47	0.52	2.07	0.91	1.86	0.40	7.74	4.57	0.80	0.69	0.47	2.18	11.46	41.47	2.76
Total	669.70	661.44	85.33	95.01	377.33	166.36	338.10	73.44	1408.40	830.83	145.86	126.22	84.98	396.45	2085.57	7545.03	503.00

C.5 Net Present Value (US\$/ha) from fuel wood extraction during the 30 years period

Year	Rautahat	Bara	Parsa	Makwan	Chitwan	Nawalpa	Rupende	Palpa	Kapilbast	Arghakha	Dang	Banke	Bardia	Kailali	Kanchan	Total	Mean
1	1.51	1.01	0.16	0.13	0.40	0.34	1.03	0.12	0.37	0.24	0.30	0.36	0.13	0.77	0.83	7.69	0.51
2	1.37	0.92	0.14	0.12	0.36	0.31	0.94	0.11	0.34	0.22	0.28	0.33	0.12	0.70	0.75	6.99	0.47
3	1.25	0.83	0.13	0.11	0.33	0.28	0.85	0.10	0.31	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.11	0.63	0.69	6.36	0.42
4	1.13	0.76	0.12	0.10	0.30	0.25	0.77	0.09	0.28	0.18	0.23	0.27	0.10	0.58	0.62	5.78	0.39
5	1.03	0.69	0.11	0.09	0.27	0.23	0.70	0.08	0.25	0.16	0.21	0.25	0.09	0.52	0.57	5.25	0.35
6	0.94	0.63	0.10	0.08	0.25	0.21	0.64	0.08	0.23	0.15	0.19	0.22	0.08	0.48	0.51	4.78	0.32
7	0.85	0.57	0.09	0.07	0.23	0.19	0.58	0.07	0.21	0.13	0.17	0.20	0.07	0.43	0.47	4.34	0.29
8	0.77	0.52	0.08	0.07	0.21	0.17	0.53	0.06	0.19	0.12	0.16	0.19	0.07	0.39	0.43	3.95	0.26
9	0.70	0.47	0.07	0.06	0.19	0.16	0.48	0.06	0.17	0.11	0.14	0.17	0.06	0.36	0.39	3.59	0.24
10	0.64	0.43	0.07	0.06	0.17	0.14	0.44	0.05	0.16	0.10	0.13	0.15	0.06	0.32	0.35	3.26	0.22
11	0.58	0.39	0.06	0.05	0.15	0.13	0.40	0.05	0.14	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.05	0.30	0.32	2.97	0.20
12	0.53	0.35	0.05	0.05	0.14	0.12	0.36	0.04	0.13	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.05	0.27	0.29	2.70	0.18
13	0.48	0.32	0.05	0.04	0.13	0.11	0.33	0.04	0.12	0.08	0.10	0.12	0.04	0.24	0.26	2.45	0.16
14	0.44	0.29	0.05	0.04	0.12	0.10	0.30	0.04	0.11	0.07	0.09	0.10	0.04	0.22	0.24	2.23	0.15
15	0.40	0.27	0.04	0.03	0.11	0.09	0.27	0.03	0.10	0.06	0.08	0.10	0.03	0.20	0.22	2.03	0.14
16	0.36	0.24	0.04	0.03	0.10	0.08	0.25	0.03	0.09	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.03	0.18	0.20	1.84	0.12
17	0.33	0.22	0.03	0.03	0.09	0.07	0.22	0.03	0.08	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.03	0.17	0.18	1.67	0.11
18	0.30	0.20	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.07	0.20	0.02	0.07	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.03	0.15	0.16	1.52	0.10
19	0.27	0.18	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.06	0.19	0.02	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.02	0.14	0.15	1.38	0.09
20	0.25	0.17	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.05	0.17	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.02	0.13	0.14	1.26	0.08
21	0.22	0.15	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.05	0.15	0.02	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.02	0.11	0.12	1.14	0.08
22	0.20	0.14	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.14	0.02	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.02	0.10	0.11	1.04	0.07
23	0.19	0.12	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.13	0.02	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.09	0.10	0.95	0.06
24	0.17	0.11	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.12	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.09	0.09	0.86	0.06
25	0.15	0.10	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.10	0.01	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.08	0.08	0.78	0.05
26	0.14	0.09	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.10	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.07	0.08	0.71	0.05
27	0.13	0.08	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.09	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.06	0.07	0.65	0.04
28	0.11	0.08	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.06	0.06	0.59	0.04
29	0.10	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.07	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.06	0.53	0.04
30	0.10	0.06	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.06	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.49	0.03
Total	17.28	11.57	1.79	1.51	4.59	3.85	11.82	1.40	4.25	2.74	3.50	4.15	1.50	8.78	9.51	88.24	5.88

C.6 Net Present Value (US\$/ha) of revenue generated from Protected area during the 30 years period

Year	Parsa	Chitwan	Bardia	Kanchan	Total	Mean
1	0.91	5.13	0.60	0.19	6.83	1.71
2	0.83	4.66	0.54	0.18	6.21	1.55
3	0.75	4.24	0.50	0.16	5.64	1.41
4	0.68	3.85	0.45	0.14	5.13	1.28
5	0.62	3.50	0.41	0.13	4.66	1.17
6	0.57	3.18	0.37	0.12	4.24	1.06
7	0.51	2.89	0.34	0.11	3.85	0.96
8	0.47	2.63	0.31	0.10	3.50	0.88
9	0.42	2.39	0.28	0.09	3.19	0.80
10	0.39	2.17	0.25	0.08	2.90	0.72
11	0.35	1.98	0.23	0.07	2.63	0.66
12	0.32	1.80	0.21	0.07	2.39	0.60
13	0.29	1.63	0.19	0.06	2.18	0.54
14	0.26	1.48	0.17	0.06	1.98	0.49
15	0.24	1.35	0.16	0.05	1.80	0.45
16	0.22	1.23	0.14	0.05	1.63	0.41
17	0.20	1.12	0.13	0.04	1.49	0.37
18	0.18	1.01	0.12	0.04	1.35	0.34
19	0.16	0.92	0.11	0.03	1.23	0.31
20	0.15	0.84	0.10	0.03	1.12	0.28
21	0.14	0.76	0.09	0.03	1.02	0.25
22	0.12	0.69	0.08	0.03	0.92	0.23
23	0.11	0.63	0.07	0.02	0.84	0.21
24	0.10	0.57	0.07	0.02	0.76	0.19
25	0.09	0.52	0.06	0.02	0.69	0.17
26	0.08	0.47	0.06	0.02	0.63	0.16
27	0.08	0.43	0.05	0.02	0.57	0.14
28	0.07	0.39	0.05	0.01	0.52	0.13
29	0.06	0.36	0.04	0.01	0.47	0.12
30	0.06	0.32	0.04	0.01	0.43	0.11
Total	10.44	58.80	6.87	2.21	78.32	19.58

C.7 Net Present Value (US\$/ha) of high yield agricultural crop production during the 30 years period

Year	Rautahat	Bara	Parsa	Makwan	Chitwan	Nawalpa	Rupende	Palpa	Kapilbast	Arghakha	Dang	Banke	Bardia	Kailali	Kanchan	Total	Mean
1	460.40	460.40	460.40	448.04	379.09	389.63	389.63	389.63	421.04	421.04	460.66	460.66	368.47	388.10	396.26	6293.45	419.56
2	418.55	418.55	418.55	407.31	344.63	354.21	354.21	354.21	382.76	382.76	418.78	418.78	334.97	352.82	360.24	5721.32	381.42
3	380.50	380.50	380.50	370.28	313.30	322.01	322.01	322.01	347.96	347.96	380.71	380.71	304.52	320.74	327.49	5201.20	346.75
4	345.91	345.91	345.91	336.62	284.82	292.73	292.73	292.73	316.33	316.33	346.10	346.10	276.84	291.59	297.72	4728.36	315.22
5	314.46	314.46	314.46	306.02	258.93	266.12	266.12	266.12	287.57	287.57	314.64	314.64	251.67	265.08	270.65	4298.51	286.57
6	285.87	285.87	285.87	278.20	235.39	241.93	241.93	241.93	261.43	261.43	286.04	286.04	228.79	240.98	246.05	3907.74	260.52
7	259.88	259.88	259.88	252.91	213.99	219.93	219.93	219.93	237.66	237.66	260.03	260.03	207.99	219.07	223.68	3552.49	236.83
8	236.26	236.26	236.26	229.92	194.54	199.94	199.94	199.94	216.06	216.06	236.39	236.39	189.08	199.16	203.34	3229.53	215.30
9	214.78	214.78	214.78	209.02	176.85	181.76	181.76	181.76	196.42	196.42	214.90	214.90	171.89	181.05	184.86	2935.94	195.73
10	195.25	195.25	195.25	190.01	160.77	165.24	165.24	165.24	178.56	178.56	195.37	195.37	156.27	164.59	168.05	2669.04	177.94
11	177.50	177.50	177.50	172.74	146.16	150.22	150.22	150.22	162.33	162.33	177.61	177.61	142.06	149.63	152.78	2426.40	161.76
12	161.37	161.37	161.37	157.04	132.87	136.56	136.56	136.56	147.57	147.57	161.46	161.46	129.15	136.03	138.89	2205.82	147.05
13	146.70	146.70	146.70	142.76	120.79	124.15	124.15	124.15	134.16	134.16	146.78	146.78	117.41	123.66	126.26	2005.29	133.69
14	133.36	133.36	133.36	129.78	109.81	112.86	112.86	112.86	121.96	121.96	133.44	133.44	106.73	112.42	114.78	1822.99	121.53
15	121.24	121.24	121.24	117.98	99.83	102.60	102.60	102.60	110.87	110.87	121.31	121.31	97.03	102.20	104.35	1657.26	110.48
16	110.22	110.22	110.22	107.26	90.75	93.27	93.27	93.27	100.79	100.79	110.28	110.28	88.21	92.91	94.86	1506.60	100.44
17	100.20	100.20	100.20	97.51	82.50	84.79	84.79	84.79	91.63	91.63	100.25	100.25	80.19	84.46	86.24	1369.64	91.31
18	91.09	91.09	91.09	88.64	75.00	77.09	77.09	77.09	83.30	83.30	91.14	91.14	72.90	76.78	78.40	1245.13	83.01
19	82.81	82.81	82.81	80.58	68.18	70.08	70.08	70.08	75.73	75.73	82.85	82.85	66.27	69.80	71.27	1131.93	75.46
20	75.28	75.28	75.28	73.26	61.99	63.71	63.71	63.71	68.84	68.84	75.32	75.32	60.25	63.46	64.79	1029.03	68.60
21	68.44	68.44	68.44	66.60	56.35	57.92	57.92	57.92	62.58	62.58	68.47	68.47	54.77	57.69	58.90	935.48	62.37
22	62.21	62.21	62.21	60.54	51.23	52.65	52.65	52.65	56.89	56.89	62.25	62.25	49.79	52.44	53.55	850.44	56.70
23	56.56	56.56	56.56	55.04	46.57	47.86	47.86	47.86	51.72	51.72	56.59	56.59	45.27	47.68	48.68	773.12	51.54
24	51.42	51.42	51.42	50.04	42.34	43.51	43.51	43.51	47.02	47.02	51.45	51.45	41.15	43.34	44.25	702.84	46.86
25	46.74	46.74	46.74	45.49	38.49	39.56	39.56	39.56	42.75	42.75	46.77	46.77	37.41	39.40	40.23	638.95	42.60
26	42.49	42.49	42.49	41.35	34.99	35.96	35.96	35.96	38.86	38.86	42.52	42.52	34.01	35.82	36.57	580.86	38.72
27	38.63	38.63	38.63	37.59	31.81	32.69	32.69	32.69	35.33	35.33	38.65	38.65	30.92	32.56	33.25	528.05	35.20
28	35.12	35.12	35.12	34.18	28.92	29.72	29.72	29.72	32.12	32.12	35.14	35.14	28.11	29.60	30.23	480.05	32.00
29	31.93	31.93	31.93	31.07	26.29	27.02	27.02	27.02	29.20	29.20	31.94	31.94	25.55	26.91	27.48	436.41	29.09
30	29.02	29.02	29.02	28.24	23.90	24.56	24.56	24.56	26.54	26.54	29.04	29.04	23.23	24.47	24.98	396.74	26.45
Total	5280.61	5280.61	5280.61	5138.89	4348.07	4468.86	4468.86	4468.86	4829.13	4829.13	5283.63	5283.63	4226.22	4451.35	4544.94	72183.39	4812.23

References

- Acharya, K., Dangi, R., & Acharya, M. (2011). Understanding forest degradation in Nepal. *Unasylva*, 62(2), 238.
- Acharya, K., Dangi, R., Tripathi, D., Bushley, B., Bhandary, R., & Bhattarai, B. (2009). Ready for REDD. *Taking Stock of Experience, Opportunities and Challenges in Nepal. Nepal Foresters' Association: Kathmandu, Nepal.*
- ADB. (2004). Country Environment Analysis for Nepal: Asian Development Bank.
- Agrawal, A., & Gupta, K. (2005). Decentralization and Participation: The Governance of Common Pool Resources in Nepal's Terai. *World Development*, 33(7), 1101-1114. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.worlddev.2005.04.009>
- Agrawal, A., & Ostrom, E. (2001). Collective action, property rights, and decentralization in resource use in India and Nepal. *Politics & Society*, 29(4), 485-514.
- Ajtay, G. L., Ketner, P., and Duvigneaud, P. (1979). Terrestrial Primary Production and Phytomass. In B. Bolin, Degens, E.T., Kempe, S., Ketner, P. (Ed.), *The Global Carbon Cycle*. New York John Wiley and Sons.
- Allen, J. C., & Barnes, D. F. (1985). The causes of deforestation in developing countries. *Annals of the Association of American Geographers*, 75(2), 163-184.
- Allendorf, T. (2007). Residents' attitudes toward three protected areas in southwestern Nepal. *Biodiversity and Conservation*, 16(7), 2087-2102. doi: 10.1007/s10531-006-9092-z
- Angelsen, A. (1999). Agricultural expansion and deforestation: modelling the impact of population, market forces and property rights. *Journal of Development Economics*, 58(1), 185-218. doi: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0304-3878\(98\)00108-4](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0304-3878(98)00108-4)
- Angelsen, A. (2008). *Moving ahead with REDD: issues, options and implications*: Cifor.
- Angelsen, A., Streck, C., Peskett, L., Brown, J., & Luttrell, C. (2008). What is the right scale for REDD. *Moving ahead with REDD: issues, options and implications*, 31-40.
- APMDD. (2013). Cost of production and marketing margin of cereal, cash, vegetable and spices crops, Nepal (pp. 127). Harihar Bhawan, Lalitpur: Agribusiness Promotion and Marketing Development Directorate.
- Asner, G. P., Knapp, D. E., Broadbent, E. N., Oliveira, P. J. C., Keller, M., & Silva, J. N. (2005). Selective Logging in the Brazilian Amazon. *Science*, 310(5747), 480-482. doi: 10.1126/science.1118051
- Baker, T. R., Laurance, W. F., Lewis, S. L., Lloyd, J., Monteagudo, A., Neill, D. A., . . . Laurance, S. G. (2004). Variation in wood density determines spatial patterns in Amazonian forest biomass. *Global Change Biology*, 10(5), 545-562. doi: 10.1111/j.1529-8817.2003.00751.x
- Bank, W. (1992). World Development Report. Washington DC: World Bank.
- Barbier, E. B. (2001). The Economics of Tropical Deforestation and Land Use: An Introduction to the Special Issue. *Land Economics*, 77(2), 155-171. doi: 10.2307/3147087
- Barracough, S. L., & Ghimire, K. B. (1995). *Forests and livelihoods: the social dynamics of deforestation in developing countries*: Macmillan London.
- Batjes, N. H. (1998). Mitigation of atmospheric CO₂ concentrations by increased carbon sequestration in the soil. *Biology and Fertility of Soils*, 27(3), 230-235. doi: 10.1007/s003740050425
- Bert, D., & Danjon, F. (2006). Carbon concentration variations in the roots, stem and crown of mature *Pinus pinaster* (Ait.). *Forest Ecology and Management*, 222(1-3), 279-295.
- Bhattarai, K., Conway, D., & Yousef, M. (2009). Determinants of deforestation in Nepal's Central Development Region. *Journal of Environmental Management*, 91(2), 471-488. doi: 10.1016/j.jenvman.2009.09.016
- Bhattarai, M., & Hammig, M. (2001). Institutions and the Environmental Kuznets Curve for Deforestation: A Crosscountry Analysis for Latin America, Africa and Asia. *World Development*, 29(6), 995-1010. doi: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0305-750X\(01\)00019-5](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0305-750X(01)00019-5)
- Bilsborrow, R., M. Geores. (1994). Population, land-use and the environment in developing countries: what can we learn from cross-sectional data?. In D. W. P. K. Brown (Ed.), *The Causes of Tropical Deforestation*. London: UCL Press.

- Blaser, J., & Robledo, C. (2007). *Initial analysis on the mitigation potential in the forestry sector*. Paper presented at the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.
- Bluffstone, R. A. (1995). The Effect of Labor Market Performance on Deforestation in Developing Countries under Open Access: An Example from Rural Nepal. *Journal of Environmental Economics and Management*, 29(1), 42-63. doi: 10.1006/jjeem.1995.1030
- Boonpragob, K. (1998). Estimating greenhouse gas emission and sequestration from land use change and forestry in Thailand. In T. B. Moya (Ed.), *Greenhouse Gas Emissions, Aerosols, Land use and Cover Changes in Southeast Asia* (pp. 18-25). Bangkok, Thailand: Southeast Asia Regional Committee.
- Boucher, D., Movius, D. a., & Davidson, C. (2008). *Filling the REDD Basket: Complementary Financing Approaches*. Washington, DC: Union of Concerned Scientists.
- Brown, K., & Pearce, D. W. (1994). *The causes of tropical deforestation: the economic and statistical analysis of factors giving rise to the loss of the tropical forests*: University of British Columbia Press.
- Brown, S. (Producer). (2008, 14 September, 2012). Assessment of the Advantages and Limitations of Ground-Based Surveys and Inventories. *Presentation at UNFCCC Workshop on Methodological Issues Relating to REDD in Developing Countries 25 – 27 June 2008 in Tokyo, Japan*. [Presentation at UNFCCC Workshop on Methodological Issues Relating to REDD in Developing Countries 25 – 27 June 2008 in Tokyo, Japan] Retrieved from http://unfccc.int/3C864A86-7721-4901-B66E-312F04A1DD53/FinalDownload/DownloadId-F75465C9D88104B49470D74BD47D9B67/3C864A86-7721-4901-B66E-312F04A1DD53/files/methods_and_science/lulucf/application/pdf/080625_tokyo_brown.pdf
- Brown, S., & FAO. (1997). *Estimating biomass and biomass change of tropical forests : a primer*. Rome: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.
- Brown, S., Gillespie, A. J. R., & Lugo, A. E. (1989). Biomass estimation methods for tropical forests with applications to forest inventory data. *Forest science*, 35(4), 881-902.
- Brown, S., & Lugo, A. E. (1982). The Storage and Production of Organic Matter in Tropical Forests and Their Role in the Global Carbon Cycle. *Biotropica*, 14(3), 161-187.
- Busch, J., Strassburg, B., Cattaneo, A., Lubowski, R., Bruner, A., Rice, R., . . . Boltz, F. (2009). Comparing climate and cost impacts of reference levels for reducing emissions from deforestation. *Environmental Research Letters*, 4(4), 044006.
- Cairns, M. A., Brown, S., Helmer, E. H., & Baumgardner, G. A. (1997). Root Biomass Allocation in the World's Upland Forests. *Oecologia*, 111(1), 1-11.
- Campbell, B. (2009). Beyond Copenhagen: REDD+, agriculture, adaptation strategies and poverty.
- Canadell, J. G., & Raupach, M. R. (2008). Managing Forests for Climate Change Mitigation. *Science*, 320(5882), 1456-1457. doi: 10.1126/science.1155458
- Caravani, A., & Nakhooda, S. (2011). REDD-plus finance.
- Cattaneo, A., Lubowski, R., Busch, J., Creed, A., Strassburg, B., Boltz, F., & Ashton, R. (2010). On international equity in reducing emissions from deforestation. *Environmental Science & Policy*, 13(8), 742-753.
- CBS. (1998). *A Compendium on Environment Statistics 1998*. Kathmandu: Central Bureau of Statistics.
- CBS. (2004). *Nepal living standard survey 2003/04: Statistical report (Vol. two)*. Kathmandu: Central Bureau of Statistics.
- Chagas, T., Costenbader, J., Streck, C., & Roe, S. (2013). *Reference Levels: Concepts, Functions, and Application in REDD+ and Forest Carbon Standards*: Climate Focus.
- Chakraborty, R. N. (2001). Stability and outcomes of common property institutions in forestry: evidence from the Terai region of Nepal. *Ecological Economics*, 36(2), 341-353.
- Chaturvedi, R. K., Raghubanshi, A. S., & Singh, J. S. (2011). Carbon density and accumulation in woody species of tropical dry forest in India. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 262(8), 1576-1588.
- Chave, J., Kira, T., Lescure, J. P., Nelson, B. W., Ogawa, H., Puig, H., . . . Higuchi, N. (2005). Tree Allometry and Improved Estimation of Carbon Stocks and Balance in Tropical Forests. *Oecologia*, 145(1), 87-99. doi: 10.1007/s00442-005-0100-x

- Chomitz, K. M., da Fonseca, G. A., Alger, K., Stoms, D. M., Honzák, M., Landau, E. C., . . . Davis, F. (2006). Viable reserve networks arise from individual landholder responses to conservation incentives. *Ecology and Society*, 11(2), 40.
- Chomitz, K. M., & Gray, D. A. (1996). Roads, Land Use, and Deforestation: A Spatial Model Applied to Belize. *World Bank Economic Review*, 10(3), 487-512.
- Chowdhury, R. R. (2006). Driving forces of tropical deforestation: The role of remote sensing and spatial models. *Singapore Journal of Tropical Geography*, 27(1), 82-101.
- Coxhead, I., Shively, G., & Shuai, X. (2002). Development policies, resource constraints, and agricultural expansion on the Philippine land frontier. *Environment and Development Economics*, 7(2), 341-363.
- Cropper, M., Griffiths, C., & Mani, M. (1999). Roads, Population Pressures, and Deforestation in Thailand, 1976-1989. *Land Economics*, 75(1), 58-73.
- Culas, R. J. (2007). Deforestation and the environmental Kuznets curve: An institutional perspective. *Ecological Economics*, 61(2-3), 429-437. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolecon.2006.03.014>
- Damette, O., & Delacote, P. (2012). On the economic factors of deforestation: What can we learn from quantile analysis? *Economic Modelling*, 29(6), 2427-2434. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.econmod.2012.06.015>
- Deacon, R. T. (1995). Assessing the Relationship between Government Policy and Deforestation. *Journal of Environmental Economics and Management*, 28(1), 1-18. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1006/jeem.1995.1001>
- DeFries, R. S., Houghton, R. A., Hansen, M. C., Field, C. B., Skole, D. & , & Townshend, J. (2002). Carbon emissions from tropical deforestation and regrowth based on satellite observations for the 1980s and 1990s. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 99 (22), 14256-14261. doi: 10.1073/pnas.182560099
- DeFries, R. S., Rudel, T., Uriarte, M., & Hansen, M. (2010). Deforestation driven by urban population growth and agricultural trade in the twenty-first century. *Nature Geosci*, 3(3), 178-181. doi: http://www.nature.com/ngео/journal/v3/n3/supinfo/ngео756_S1.html
- Deng, X., Huang, J., Uchida, E., Rozelle, S., & Gibson, J. (2011). Pressure cookers or pressure valves: Do roads lead to deforestation in China? *Journal of Environmental Economics and Management*, 61(1), 79-94. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jeem.2010.04.005>
- DFRS. (1999). Forest Resources of Nepal (1987 – 1998). . Kathmandu: HMGN, Department of Forest Research and Survey, Ministry of Forests and Soil Conservation.
- Djomo, A. N., Ibrahima, A., Saborowski, J., & Gravenhorst, G. (2010). Allometric equations for biomass estimations in Cameroon and pan moist tropical equations including biomass data from Africa. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 260(10), 1873-1885.
- DoF. (2001). Forest Cover Change Analysis of the Terai District 1990/91-2000/01. Kathmandu: Department of Forest, Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation, Government of Nepal.
- Eckert, S., Ratsimba, H. R., Rakotondrasoa, L. O., Rajoelison, L. G., & Ehrensperger, A. (2011). Deforestation and forest degradation monitoring and assessment of biomass and carbon stock of lowland rainforest in the Analanjirofo region, Madagascar. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 262(11), 1996-2007. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.foreco.2011.08.041>
- Eswaran, H., Van Den Berg, E., & Reich, P. (1993). Organic Carbon in Soils of the World. *Soil Sci. Soc. Am. J.*, 57(1), 192-194. doi: 10.2136/sssaj1993.03615995005700010034x
- FAO. (1997). Agricultural and Food Marketing Management. In I. M. Crawford (Ed.). Rome, Italy: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.
- FAO. (1999). Forest Resources of Nepal: Country Report *FRA 2000*. Rome: FAO.
- FAO. (2001). Global Forest Resources Assessment 2000.
- FAO. (2003). States of the World's Forest 2003. Rome: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations.
- FAO. (2006). *Global Forest Resources Assessment 2005: Progress Towards Sustainable Forest Management*: FAO.

- Foley, J. A., Asner, G. P., Costa, M. H., Coe, M. T., DeFries, R., Gibbs, H. K., . . . Ramankutty, N. (2007). Amazonia revealed: forest degradation and loss of ecosystem goods and services in the Amazon Basin. *Frontiers in Ecology and the Environment*, 5(1), 25-32.
- Fosci, M. (2013). Balance sheet in the REDD+: Are global estimates measuring the wrong costs? *Ecological Economics*, 89, 196-200.
- FSISP. (1993). Forest Resources of the Terai districts 1990/91. Kathmandu, Nepal: Forestry Sector Institutional Strengthening Programme (FSISP).
- Fuller, D. O., & Chowdhury, R. R. (2006). Monitoring and modelling tropical deforestation: Introduction to the Special Issue. *Singapore Journal of Tropical Geography*, 27(1), 1-3. doi: 10.1111/j.1467-9493.2006.00235.x
- Gautam, K. H., & Devoe, N. N. (2006). Ecological and anthropogenic niches of sal (*Shorea robusta* Gaertn. f.) forest and prospects for multiple-product forest management - a review. *FORESTRY*, 79(1), 81-101. doi: 10.1093/forestry/cpi063
- Gautam, T. (2011). *Farm Management Practices in Selected District of Nepal: A follow-up study of 1983-85 study*. Agribusiness Promotion & Marketing Development Directorate, Harihar Bhawan, Lalitpur.
- Geist, H. J., & Lambin, E. F. (2001). What drives tropical deforestation. *LUCR Report series*, 4, 116.
- Geist, H. J., & Lambin, E. F. (2002). Proximate Causes and Underlying Driving Forces of Tropical Deforestation. *BioScience*, 52(2), 143-150. doi: 10.1641/0006-3568(2002)052[0143:pcaudf]2.0.co;2
- Ghazoul, J., Butler, R. A., Mateo-Vega, J., & Koh, L. P. (2010). REDD: a reckoning of environment and development implications. *Trends in Ecology & Evolution*, 25(7), 396-402.
- Gibbs, H. K., Brown, S., Niles, J. O., & Foley, J. A. (2007). Monitoring and estimating tropical forest carbon stocks: making REDD a reality. *Environmental Research Letters*, 2(4), 045023. doi: 10.1088/1748-9326/2/4/045023
- Grace, J. (2004). Understanding and managing the global carbon cycle. *Journal of Ecology*, 92(2), 189-202. doi: 10.1111/j.0022-0477.2004.00874.x
- Grainger, A. (1993). *Controlling tropical deforestation*: Earthscan Publications.
- Grainger, A. (1999). Constraints on modelling the deforestation and degradation of tropical open woodlands. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, 8(3-4), 179-190.
- Grieg-Gran, M. (2009). Costs of avoided deforestation as a climate change mitigation option. *Avoided Deforestation: Prospects for Mitigating Climate Change*, 11-38.
- Gurung, M. B., & Kokh, M. (2011). Forest Carbon Accounting Study Report: Baseline, Optimum Sequestration Potential and Economics of REDD+ in the Terai Arc Landscape of Nepal *Narrative Report submitted to WWF* (pp. 54). Kathmandu: Winrock International, Nepal.
- Haripriya, G. S. (2000). Estimates of biomass in Indian forests. *Biomass and Bioenergy*, 19(4), 245-258.
- HMG/N. (1988). *Master plan for the forestry sector*. Kathmandu: Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation.
- HMG/N. (2004). *Terai Arc Landscape - Nepal: Strategic Plan (2004-2014)*. Kathmandu: His Majesty's Government of Nepal, Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation.
- HMG/N, & FINNIDA. (1994). Deforestation in the Terai districts 1978/79–1990/91. Kathmandu: Forest Research and Survey Centre (Ministry of Forests and Soil Conservation) and Forest Resource Information System Project (FINNIDA).
- Hosonuma, N., Herold, M., De Sy, V., De Fries, R. S., Brockhaus, M., Verchot, L., . . . Romijn, E. (2012). An assessment of deforestation and forest degradation drivers in developing countries. *Environmental Research Letters*, 7(4), 044009.
- Houghton, R. A. (1999). The annual net flux of carbon to the atmosphere from changes in land use 1850–1990. *Tellus B*, 51(2), 298-313. doi: 10.1034/j.1600-0889.1999.00013.x
- Houghton, R. A. (2005). Aboveground Forest Biomass and the Global Carbon Balance. *Global Change Biology*, 11(6), 945-958. doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2486.2005.00955.x
- Houghton, R. A., Skole, D. L., Nobre, C. A., Hackler, J. L., Lawrence, K. T., & Chomentowski, W. H. (2000). Annual fluxes of carbon from deforestation and regrowth in the Brazilian Amazon. *Nature*, 403(6767), 301-304.

- House, J. I., Prentice, I. C., Ramankutty, N., Houghton, R. A., & Heimann, M. (2003). Reconciling apparent inconsistencies in estimates of terrestrial CO₂ sources and sinks. *Tellus B*, 55(2), 345-363. doi: 10.1034/j.1600-0889.2003.00037.x
- Hudiburg, T., Law, B., Turner, D. P., Campbell, J., Donato, D., & Duane, M. (2009). Carbon Dynamics of Oregon and Northern California Forests and Potential Land-Based Carbon Storage. *Ecological Applications*, 19(1), 163-180. doi: 10.1890/07-2006.1
- Hyvönen, R., Jarvis, P. G., Kellomäki, S., Lindroth, A., Loustau, D., Lundmark, T., . . . Örebro, u. (2007). The likely impact of elevated [CO₂], nitrogen deposition, increased temperature and management on carbon sequestration in temperate and boreal forest ecosystems: a literature review. *New Phytologist*.
- IPCC. (2000). *Land use, land-use change, and forestry*. Cambridge, UK: Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.
- IPCC. (2006). *2006 IPCC Guidelines for National Greenhouse Gas Inventories* B. L. Eggleston H.S., Miwa K., Ngara T. and Tanabe K. (Ed.) Prepared by the National Greenhouse Gas Inventories Programme Retrieved from http://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/2006gl/pdf/0_Overview/V0_0_Cover.pdf
- IPCC. (2013). Summary for Policymakers. In: Climate Change 2013: The Physical Science Basis. In T. F. Stocker, D. Qin, G.-K. Plattner, M. Tignor, S.K. Allen, J. Boschung, A. Nauels, Y. Xia, V. Bex and P.M. Midgley (Ed.), *Contribution of Working Group I to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change*. Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA.: Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.
- IPCC. (2014). Summary for Policymakers. In O. Edenhofer, R. Pichs-Madruga, Y. Sokona, E. Farahani, S. Kadner, K. Seyboth, A. Adler, I. Baum, S. Brunner, P. Eickemeier, B. & J. S. Kriemann, S. Schlömer, C. von Stechow, T. Zwickel and J.C. Minx (Eds.), *Climate Change 2014: Mitigation of Climate Change. Contribution of Working Group III to the Fifth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change*. Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA: Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change.
- IPCC (Ed.). (2001). *Climate change 2001: the scientific basis*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Jackson, J. K. (1994). *Manual of Afforestation in Nepal* (2 ed.). Kathmandu, Nepal: Forest Research and Survey Center.
- Jandl, R., Lindner, M., Vesterdal, L., Bauwens, B., Baritz, R., Hagedorn, F., . . . Byrne, K. A. (2007). How strongly can forest management influence soil carbon sequestration? *Geoderma*, 137(3-4), 253-268.
- Jobbagy, E. G., & Jackson, R. B. (2000). The Vertical Distribution of Soil Organic Carbon and Its Relation to Climate and Vegetation. *Ecological Applications*, 10(2), 423-436.
- Joshi, C. (2006). *Mapping cryptic invaders and invasibility of tropical forest ecosystems: Chromolaena odorata in Nepal*. International Institute for Geo-information Science & Earth Observation (ITC), Enschede, the Netherlands.
- Joshi, D. D. (2002). *Farmer's perceptions of service delivery and policy support from smallholder dairy in Nepal: Nepal case study*. Paper presented at the South-South workshop held at NDDB, Anand, India, 13-16 March 2001. , NDDB (National Dairy Development Board), Anand, India, and ILRI (International Livestock Research Institute),.
- Kaimowitz, D., & Angelsen, A. (1998). *Economic models of tropical deforestation: a review*: Cifor.
- Kanel, K., Shrestha, K., Tuladhar, A., & Regmi, M. (2012). A study on the demand and supply of wood products in different regions of Nepal. *Kathmandu: REDD—Forestry Climate Change Cell Babarmahal*.
- Kanninen, M., Murdiyarso, D., Seymour, F., Angelsen, A., Wunder, S., & German, L. (2007). Do trees grow on money. *The implications of deforestation research for policies to promote REDD. Forest Perspectives*, 4.
- Kant, S., & Redantz, A. (1997). An econometric model of tropical deforestation. *Journal of Forest Economics*, 3(1997), 51-86.
- Kant, S. a. R., Anke. (1997). An econometric model of tropical deforestation. *Journal of Forest Economics*, 3(1), 51-86.

- Karki, J. B. (2011). *Occupancy and Abundance of Tigers and their Prey in the Terai Arc Landscape, Nepal*. (PhD), Forest Research Institute University, Dehradun, Uttarakhand. Retrieved from <http://www.forestrynepal.org/publications/thesis/5719>
- Kaufmann, D., Kraay, A., & Mastruzzi, M. (2009). Governance matters VIII: aggregate and individual governance indicators, 1996-2008. *World bank policy research working paper*(4978).
- Kim, O. S. (2010). An Assessment of Deforestation Models for Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD). *Transactions in GIS*, 14(5), 631-654. doi: 10.1111/j.1467-9671.2010.01227.x
- Kindermann, G., Obersteiner, M., Sohngen, B., Sathaye, J., Andrasko, K., Rametsteiner, E., . . . Beach, R. (2008). Global cost estimates of reducing carbon emissions through avoided deforestation. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 105(30), 10302-10307.
- Köthke, M., Leischner, B., & Elsasser, P. (2013). Uniform global deforestation patterns — An empirical analysis. *Forest Policy and Economics*, 28(0), 23-37. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.forpol.2013.01.001>
- Krankina, O. N., & Harmon, M. E. (2006). Forest management strategies for carbon storage *Forests, Carbon and Climate Change: A Synthesis of Science Findings* (pp. 192): Oregon Forest Resources Institute.
- Laiho, R., & Laine, J. (1997). Tree stand biomass and carbon content in an age sequence of drained pine mires in southern Finland. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 93(1-2), 161-169.
- Lambin, E. F. (1997). Modelling and monitoring land-cover change processes in tropical regions. *PROGRESS IN PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY*, 21(3), 375-393.
- Lambin, E. F. (1999). Monitoring forest degradation in tropical regions by remote sensing: some methodological issues. *Global Ecology and Biogeography*, 8(3-4), 191-198. doi: 10.1046/j.1365-2699.1999.00123.x
- Lambin, E. F., Geist, H. J., & Lepers, E. (2003). Dynamics of land-use and land-cover change in tropical regions. *Annual Review of Environment and Resources*, 28(1), 205-241.
- Lamlom, S. H., & Savidge, R. A. (2003). A reassessment of carbon content in wood: variation within and between 41 North American species. *Biomass and Bioenergy*, 25(4), 381-388.
- Lawrence, D., & Foster, D. (2004). Recovery of nutrient cycling and ecosystem properties following swidden cultivation: regional and stand-level constraints. *Turner, II, BL, Geoghegan, J., Foster, D.(Eds.), Integrated Land-Change Science and Tropical Deforestation in the Southern Yucatán: Final Frontiers. Oxford Geographical and Environmental Studies. Clarendon Press, Oxford*, 81-104.
- LeQuere, C., Rodenbeck, C., Buitenhuis, E. T., Conway, T. J., Langenfelds, R., Gomez, A., . . . Heimann, M. (2007). Saturation of the Southern Ocean C[O.sub.2] sink due to recent climate change. *Science*, 316, 1735+.
- Levin, K., McDermott, C., & Cashore, B. (2008). The climate regime as global forest governance: can reduced emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation (REDD) initiatives pass a 'dual effectiveness' test? *International Forestry Review*, 10(3), 538-549.
- Lewis, S. L. (2006). Tropical forests and the changing earth system. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, 361(1465), 195-210. doi: 10.1098/rstb.2005.1711
- Liu, D. S., Iverson, L. R., & Brown, S. (1993). Rates and patterns of deforestation in the Philippines: application of geographic information system analysis. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 57(1-4), 1-16. doi: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0378-1127\(93\)90158-J](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0378-1127(93)90158-J)
- López-Carr, D., & Burgdorfer, J. (2013). Deforestation Drivers: Population, Migration, and Tropical Land Use. *Environment: Science and Policy for Sustainable Development*, 55(1), 3-11. doi: 10.1080/00139157.2013.748385
- Ludeke, A. K., Maggio, R. C., & Reid, L. M. (1990). An analysis of anthropogenic deforestation using logistic regression and GIS. *Journal of Environmental Management*, 31(3), 247-259. doi: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0301-4797\(05\)80038-6](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0301-4797(05)80038-6)
- MacDicken, K. G. (1997). *A Guide to Monitoring Carbon Storage in Forestry and Agroforestry Projects*: Winrock International Institute for Agricultural Development.

- Mahapatr, K., & Kant, S. (2005). Tropical deforestation: a multinomial logistic model and some country-specific policy prescriptions. *Forest Policy and Economics*, 7(1), 1-24. doi: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1389-9341\(03\)00064-9](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S1389-9341(03)00064-9)
- Malhi, Y., & Grace, J. (2000). Tropical forests and atmospheric carbon dioxide. *Trends in Ecology & Evolution*, 15(8), 332-337. doi: 10.1016/s0169-5347(00)01906-6
- Malhi, Y., Meir, P., & Brown, S. (2002). Forests, carbon and global climate. *Philosophical transactions. Series A, Mathematical, physical, and engineering sciences*, 360(1797), 1567-1591. doi: 10.1098/rsta.2002.1020
- Mandip, R., Rushton, J., Anderson, S., & Tulachan, P. M. (2004). A Review Paper on Livestock Technology and Policy. London: LTIP Project.
- Manhas, R., Negi, J., Kumar, R., & Chauhan, P. (2006). Temporal Assessment of Growing Stock, Biomass and Carbon Stock of Indian Forests. *Climatic Change*, 74(1), 191-221. doi: 10.1007/s10584-005-9011-4
- Marklund, L. G., & Schoene, D. (2006). Global assessment of growing stock, biomass and carbon stock. *Forest Resources Assessment Programme Working paper*, 106.
- Martin, A. R., & Thomas, S. C. (2011). A reassessment of carbon content in tropical trees. *PloS one*, 6(8), e23533. doi: 10.1371/journal.pone.0023533
- Matthews, G. (1993). The Carbon Content of Trees (pp. 21): Forestry Commission.
- Mattsson, E., Persson, U. M., Ostwald, M., & Nissanka, S. P. (2012). REDD+ readiness implications for Sri Lanka in terms of reducing deforestation. *Journal of Environmental Management*, 100, 29-40.
- MEA. (2005). *Ecosystems and human well-being* (Vol. 5). Island Press Washington, DC: Millennium Ecosystem Assessment.
- Merger, E., Held, C., Tennigkeit, T., & Blomley, T. (2012). A bottom-up approach to estimating cost elements of REDD+ pilot projects in Tanzania. *Carbon Balance and Management*, 7(1), 1-14.
- Mertens, B., & Lambin, E. F. (1997). Spatial modelling of deforestation in southern Cameroon. *APPLIED GEOGRAPHY*, 17(2), 143-162. doi: 10.1016/s0143-6228(97)00032-5
- MFSC. (2009). Nepal Forestry Outlook Study. Bangkok: Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation.
- MFSC. (2013). REDD Multi-stakeholder Forum Interaction Workshop. Kathmandu: REDD Cell, Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation.
- MFSC. (2014). Nepal's ER-PIN to FCPF Carbon Fund *Emission Reductions Program Idea Note*. Kathmandu: Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation.
- MoAD. (2011). Statistical Information on Nepalese Agriculture. Singha Durbar, Kathmandu, Nepal: Ministry of Agricultural Development, Agri-Business Promotion and Statistics Division.
- Mokany, K., Raison, R. J., & Prokushkin, A. S. (2006). Critical analysis of root : shoot ratios in terrestrial biomes. *Global Change Biology*, 12(1), 84-96. doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2486.2005.001043.x
- Moser, G., Leuschner, C., Hertel, D., Graefe, S., Soethe, N., & Iost, S. (2011). Elevation effects on the carbon budget of tropical mountain forests (S Ecuador): the role of the belowground compartment. *Global Change Biology*, 17(6), 2211-2226. doi: 10.1111/j.1365-2486.2010.02367.x
- MPFS. (1988). Master Plan for Forestry Sector in Nepal (Vol. Main Report). Kathmandu: Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation.
- Munthali, K. G., & Murayama, Y. (2012). Extending agent-based land-use/-cover change models to tropical deforestation: a focus on farm-based decision making in tropical subsistence farming. *INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION SCIENCE*, 26(10), 1881-1895. doi: 10.1080/13658816.2012.661057
- Nepstad, D., Soares-Filho, B. S., Merry, F., Lima, A., Moutinho, P., Carter, J., . . . Schwartzman, S. (2009). The end of deforestation in the Brazilian Amazon. *Science*, 326(5958), 1350-1351.
- Nguyen Van, P., & Azomahou, T. (2007). Nonlinearities and heterogeneity in environmental quality: An empirical analysis of deforestation. *Journal of Development Economics*, 84(1), 291-309. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.jdeveco.2005.10.004>
- Niklas, K. J. (1995). Size-dependent Allometry of Tree Height, Diameter and Trunk-taper. *Annals of Botany*, 75(3), 217-227. doi: 10.1006/anbo.1995.1015

- Obersteiner, M., Kindermann, G., Rametsteiner, E., Reyers, B., Huettner, M., Kraxner, F., . . . Havlik, P. (2009). On fair, effective and efficient REDD mechanism design. *Carbon Balance and Management*, 4(1), 11-11. doi: 10.1186/1750-0680-4-11
- Ogawa, H., Yoda, K., Ogino, K., & Kira, T. (1965). Comparative ecological studies on three main types of forest vegetation in Thailand II Plant biomass. *Nature and Life in South East Asia*, 4, 49-80.
- Ojima, D., Galvin, K., & Turner, B. (1994). The global impact of land-use change. *BioScience*, 44(5), 300-304.
- Olsen, N., & Bishop, J. (2009). *The financial costs of REDD: evidence from Brazil and Indonesia*: IUCN.
- Pagdee, A., Kim, Y.-s., & Daugherty, P. J. (2006). What Makes Community Forest Management Successful: A Meta-Study From Community Forests Throughout the World. *Society & Natural Resources*, 19(1), 33-52. doi: 10.1080/08941920500323260
- Pagiola, S., & Bosquet, B. (2009). Estimating the costs of REDD at the country level.
- Palo, M. (1994). *Population and deforestation*. London UCL Press.
- Palo, M., Mery, G., & Lehto, E. (1996). Latin American deforestation and sustainability prospects *Sustainable forestry challenges for developing countries* (pp. 199-228): Springer.
- Parker, C., Mitchell, A., Trivedi, M., & Mardas, N. (2008). The little REDD book: a guide to governmental and non-governmental proposals for reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation. *The little REDD book: a guide to governmental and non-governmental proposals for reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation*.
- Pearson, T., Walker, S., & Brown, S. (2005). *Sourcebook for land use, land-use change and forestry projects* Retrieved from http://www.winrock.org/3C864A86-7721-4901-B66E-312F04A1DD53/FinalDownload/DownloadId-8E0704B73F47694A301EE47D565D3525/3C864A86-7721-4901-B66E-312F04A1DD53/ecosystems/files/winrock-biocarbon_fund_sourcebook-compressed.pdf
- Pearson, T. R. H., Brown, S. L., & Birdsey, R. A. (2007). Measurement Guidelines for the Sequestration of Forest Carbon (pp. 47): United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service.
- Pfaff, A. S. P. (1999). What Drives Deforestation in the Brazilian Amazon?: Evidence from Satellite and Socioeconomic Data. *Journal of Environmental Economics and Management*, 37(1), 26-43. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1006/jeem.1998.1056>
- Phelps, J., Guerrero, M. C., Dalabajan, D. A., Young, B., & Webb, E. L. (2010). What makes a 'REDD' country? *Global Environmental Change*, 20(2), 322-332.
- Potvin, C., Guay, B., & Pedroni, L. (2008). Is reducing emissions from deforestation financially feasible? A Panamanian case study. *Climate Policy*, 8(1), 23-40. doi: 10.3763/cpol.2007.0386.8.1.23
- Putz, F. E., & Redford, K. H. (2010). The Importance of Defining 'Forest': Tropical Forest Degradation, Deforestation, Long-term Phase Shifts, and Further Transitions. *Biotropica*, 42(1), 10-20. doi: 10.1111/j.1744-7429.2009.00567.x
- Raupach, M. R., Marland, G., Ciais, P., Le Quéré, C., Canadell, J. G., Klepper, G., & Field, C. B. (2007). Global and regional drivers of accelerating CO2 emissions. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 104(24), 10288-10293. doi: 10.1073/pnas.0700609104
- Rautiainen, O. (1999). Spatial yield model for *Shorea robusta* in Nepal. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 119(1), 151-162.
- Rautiainen, O., & Suoheimo, J. (1997). Natural regeneration potential and early development of *Shorea robusta* Gaertn.f. forest after regeneration felling in the Bhabar-Terai zone in Nepal. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 92(1-3), 243-251.
- Rijal, K., Bansal, N. K., & Grover, P. D. (1991). Energy and subsistence Nepalese agriculture. *Bioresource Technology*, 37(1), 61-69. doi: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0960-8524\(91\)90112-W](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/0960-8524(91)90112-W)
- Rowe, R., Sharma, N., & Browder, J. (1992). Deforestation: problems, causes and concerns. *Managing the world's forests*, 3, 33-45.
- Rudel, T., & Roper, J. (1996). Regional patterns and historical trends in tropical deforestation, 1976-1990: a qualitative comparative analysis. *Ambio*, 25.
- Rudel, T., & Roper, J. (1997). The paths to rain forest destruction: Crossnational patterns of tropical deforestation, 1975-1990. *World Development*, 25(1), 53-65. doi: [http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0305-750X\(96\)00086-1](http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/S0305-750X(96)00086-1)

- Rudel, T. K. (1994). Population, development and tropical deforestation: a cross-national study. In K. Brown, Pearce, D.W. (Ed.), *The Causes of Tropical Deforestation*. London: UCL Press.
- Rushton, J., Tulachan, P. M., & Anderson, S. (2005). *Livestock Technology Change, Livelihoods Impacts and Policy Lessons*. London: Centre for Development and Poverty Reduction, Imperial College London.
- Saatchi, S. S., Hagen, S., Petrova, S., White, L., Silman, M., Morel, A., . . . Lewis, S. L. (2011). Benchmark map of forest carbon stocks in tropical regions across three continents. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 108(24), 9899-9904. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1019576108
- Sader, S. A., & Joyce, A. T. (1988). Deforestation Rates and Trends in Costa Rica, 1940 to 1983. *Biotropica*, 20(1), 11-19. doi: 10.2307/2388421
- Sankhayan, P. L., Gurung, N., Sitaula, B. K., & Hofstad, O. (2003). Bio-economic modeling of land use and forest degradation at watershed level in Nepal. *Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment*, 94(1), 105-116. doi: 10.1016/S0167-8809(02)00009-9
- Sathaye, J., Andrasko, K., & Chan, P. (2011). Emissions scenarios, costs, and implementation considerations of REDD-plus programs. *Environment and Development Economics*, 16(04), 361-380.
- Schimel, D. S., House, J. I., Hibbard, K. A., Bousquet, P., Ciais, P., Peylin, P., . . . Wirth, C. (2001). Recent patterns and mechanisms of carbon exchange by terrestrial ecosystems. *Nature*, 414(6860), 169-172.
- Scricciu, S. S. (2007). Can economic causes of tropical deforestation be identified at a global level? *Ecological Economics*, 62(3-4), 603-612. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolecon.2006.07.028>
- Sedjo, R. A., & Sohngen, B. (2007). Carbon credits for avoided deforestation. *Washington, DC: Resources for the Future*, 07-47.
- Sharma, C. M., Baduni, N. P., Gairola, S., Ghildiyal, S. K., & Suyal, S. (2010). Tree diversity and carbon stocks of some major forest types of Garhwal Himalaya, India. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 260(12), 2170-2179.
- Sheikh, M., Kumar, M., & Bussmann, R. (2009). Altitudinal variation in soil organic carbon stock in coniferous subtropical and broadleaf temperate forests in Garhwal Himalaya. *Carbon Balance and Management*, 4(1), 6.
- Shrestha, K. B., & Budhathoki, P. (1993). Problems and prospects of community forestry development in the terai region of Nepal. *Banko Janakari: A Journal of Forestry Information for Nepal*, 4(1), 24-27.
- Shrestha, R., & Evans, D. (1984). The private profitability of livestock in a Nepalese hill farming community. *Agricultural Administration*, 16(3), 145-158.
- Sierra, C. A., Restrepo, D. E., Berrouet, L. M., Loaiza, L. M., Benjumea, J. F., del Valle, J. I., . . . Lara, W. (2007). Total carbon stocks in a tropical forest landscape of the Porc region, Colombia. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 243(2), 299-309. doi: 10.1016/j.foreco.2007.03.026
- Singh, S. K., Pandey, C. B., Sidhu, G. S., Sarkar, D., & Sagar, R. (2011). Concentration and stock of carbon in the soils affected by land uses and climates in the western Himalaya, India. *CATENA*, 87(1), 78-89.
- Skutsch, M., Bird, N., Trines, E., Dutschke, M., Frumhoff, P., De Jong, B., . . . Murdiyarsa, D. (2007). Clearing the way for reducing emissions from tropical deforestation. *Environmental Science & Policy*, 10(4), 322-334.
- Skutsch, M., Román-Cuesta, R. M., Asner, G., MacDicken, K., Hirata, Y., Souza, C., . . . Herold, M. (2011). Options for monitoring and estimating historical carbon emissions from forest degradation in the context of REDD. *Carbon Balance and Management*, 6(1), 13-13. doi: 10.1186/1750-0680-6-13
- Sloan, S., & Pelletier, J. (2012). How accurately may we project tropical forest-cover change? A validation of a forward-looking baseline for REDD. *Global Environmental Change*, 22(2), 440-453. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.gloenvcha.2012.02.001>
- Snowdon, P., Eamus, D., Gibbons, P., Keith, H., Raison, J., & Kirschbaum, M. (2000). Synthesis of allometrics, review of root biomass and design of future woody biomass sampling strategies

- National Carbon Accounting System technical report ; no. 17.* (pp. 133). Canberra :: Australian Greenhouse Office.
- Southgate, D., Sierra, R., & Brown, L. (1991). The causes of tropical deforestation in Ecuador: A statistical analysis. *World Development*, 19(9), 1145-1151.
- Souza, C., & Roberts, D. (2005a). Mapping forest degradation in the Amazon region with Ikonos images. *International Journal of Remote Sensing*, 26(3), 425-429.
- Souza, C. M., & Roberts, D. (2005b). Mapping forest degradation in the Amazon region with Ikonos images. *International Journal of Remote Sensing*, 26(3), 425-429. doi: 10.1080/0143116031000101620
- Stainton, J. D. A. (1972). *Forests of Nepal*. London: John Murray.
- Stephens, B. B., Gurney, K. R., Tans, P. P., Sweeney, C., Peters, W., Bruhwiler, L., . . . Nakazawa, T. (2007). Weak northern and strong tropical land carbon uptake from vertical profiles of atmospheric CO₂. *Science*, 316(5832), 1732-1735.
- Stern, N. (2007). *The economics of climate change: the Stern review*: Cambridge University Press.
- Stocker, T. F., Qin, D., Plattner, G.-K., Tignor, M., Allen, S. K., Boschung, J., . . . Midgley, P. M. (2013). Climate change 2013: The physical science basis. *Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, Working Group I Contribution to the IPCC Fifth Assessment Report (AR5)*(Cambridge Univ Press, New York).
- Strassburg, B., Turner, R. K., Fisher, B., Schaeffer, R., & Lovett, A. (2009). Reducing emissions from deforestation—The “combined incentives” mechanism and empirical simulations. *Global Environmental Change*, 19(2), 265-278.
- Talbott, K., & Khadka, S. (1994). *“Handing it Over”: Analysis of the Legal and Policy Framework of Community Forestry in Nepal*: World Resources Institute's Center for International Development & Environment.
- Thomas, S. C., & Malczewski, G. (2007). Wood carbon content of tree species in Eastern China: Interspecific variability and the importance of the volatile fraction. *Journal of Environmental Management*, 85(3), 659-662.
- Timilsina, N., Ross, M. S., & Heinen, J. T. (2007). A community analysis of sal (*Shorea robusta*) forests in the western Terai of Nepal. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 241(1), 223-234. doi: 10.1016/j.foreco.2007.01.012
- Tole, L. (1998). Sources of deforestation in tropical developing countries. *Environmental Management*, 22(1), 19-33.
- Tremblay, S., Ouimet, R., & Houle, D. (2002). Prediction of organic carbon content in upland forest soils of Quebec, Canada. *Canadian Journal of Forest Research*, 32(5), 903-914.
- Turner, B. L. I., Clark, W.C., Kates, R.W., Richards, J.F., Mathews, J.T. & W.B. Mayer. (1990). *The earth as transformed by human action: global and regional changes in the biosphere over the past 300 years*. Cambridge, New York, Port Chester, Melbourne & Sydney.: Cambridge University Press.
- Turner, R. K., Paavola, J., Cooper, P., Farber, S., Jessamy, V., & Georgiou, S. (2003). Valuing nature: lessons learned and future research directions. *Ecological Economics*, 46(3), 493-510.
- Umemiya, C., Rametsteiner, E., & Kraxner, F. (2010). Quantifying the impacts of the quality of governance on deforestation. *Environmental Science & Policy*, 13(8), 695-701. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.envsci.2010.07.002>
- UNDP. (1997). Country Background: United Nations Development Programme.
- UNEP. (2001). State of Environment Nepal 2001. Bangkok: UNEP/RRC.AP.
- UNFCCC. (2001). Decision 11/CP.7. Land use, land-use change and forestry: The Conference of the Parties. UNFCCC.
- UNFCCC. (2010). Report of the Conference of the Parties on its sixteenth session, held in Cancun from 29 November to 10 December 2010. Cancun, Mexico (2010): United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change.
- Viana, V. M., Grieg-Gran, M., Della Mea, R., & Ribenboim, G. (2009). The costs of REDD: lessons from Amazonas. *International Institute for Environment and Development (IIED): London, UK*.
- Vieilledent, G., Vaudry, R., Andriamanohisoa, S. F. D., Rakotonarivo, O. S., Randrianasolo, H. Z., Razafindrabe, H. N., . . . Rasamoelina, M. (2012). A universal approach to estimate biomass

- and carbon stock in tropical forests using generic allometric models. *Ecological applications : a publication of the Ecological Society of America*, 22(2), 572-583. doi: 10.1890/11-0039.1
- Watson, R. T. (2000). *Land use, land-use change, and forestry: a special report of the intergovernmental panel on climate change*: Cambridge University Press.
- Webb, E. L., & Sah, R. N. (2003). Structure and diversity of natural and managed sal (*Shorea robusta* Gaertn.f.) forest in the Terai of Nepal. *Forest Ecology and Management*, 176(1-3), 337-353.
- WEC. (2010). Energy Sector Synopsis Report 2010 (pp. 115). Singhadurbar, Kathmandu, Nepal: Water and Energy Commission Secretariat.
- White, D., Minang, P., Agus, F., Borner, J., Hairiah, K., & Gockowski, J. (2011). Estimating the opportunity costs of REDD+– A training manual. *World Bank, Washington DC, USA*.
- Wunder, S. (2000). *The economics of deforestation: the example of Ecuador*: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Wyman, M. S., & Stein, T. V. (2010). Modeling social and land-use/land-cover change data to assess drivers of smallholder deforestation in Belize. *APPLIED GEOGRAPHY*, 30(3), 329-342. doi: 10.1016/j.apgeog.2009.10.001
- Zhu, J. J., & Li, F. Q. (2007). [Forest degradation/decline: research and practice]. *Ying yong sheng tai xue bao = The journal of applied ecology / Zhongguo sheng tai xue xue hui, Zhongguo ke xue yuan Shenyang ying yong sheng tai yan jiu suo zhu ban*, 18(7), 1601-1609.